Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1603-11 - HY 0124 BLACK

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking 1.1 Product identifier : TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1603-11 - HY 0124 BLACK **Product name** 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product description** : Paint. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS **National contact** Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005. 1.4 Emergency telephone number **Telephone number** : Teknos UK Limited; TEL: +44 1608 683 494; Opening hours: MON-FRI, 7am – 6pm. SECTION 2: Hazards identification 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture **Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336 The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Precautionary statements** General : Not applicable. Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

- clothing. Rinse skin with water.
- Storage : Not applicable.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Isobutyl acetate
Supplemental label elements	:
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

2.3 Other hazards Other hazards which do

: None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Isobutyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119488971-22 EC: 203-745-1 CAS: 110-19-0 Index: 607-026-00-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≤4.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
Ethanol	EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5	≤3.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤2.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Melamine P/W formaldehyde, butylated	CAS: 68002-25-5	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact :	No specific data.			
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness			
Skin contact :	No specific data.			
Ingestion :	No specific data.			

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	:	In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000	50000

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Isobutyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
	STEL: 903 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 187 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1920 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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No PNECs available 2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, loc ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The econtrols also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations be explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Individual protection measures Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemi before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially cortex.	
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before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of t Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially cor	
Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially cor	
Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewa safety showers are close to the workstation location.	ntaminated clothir
 Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquigases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection sh unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: side-shields. 	id splashes, miste ould be worn,

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Refer to European Standard EN 14605 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
	spray application Filter type: A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	1	Black.
Odour	1	Slight
Odour threshold	1	Not available.
рН	÷	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	÷	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	÷	Closed cup: 21°C
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 0.8% Upper: 19%
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	1	Not available.
Density	1	1.3 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	÷	Not available.
Viscosity	;	Not available.

:08/09/2016

Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2 Other information	
VOC	: 463 g/l
Solubility in water	: Not available.
No additional information.	
SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isobutyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13400 mg/kg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	51173.4 mg/kg 511.7 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observatio
Isobutyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
2				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		B 11.4		milligrams	
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
Ethonol	Even Mild irritent	Dabbit		microliters	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 0.066666667	
		Rabbit	-	minutes 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100	_
		Rabbit		microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
		Datati		microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Skin Mild irritant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
		Rabbit		milligrams	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
r moulexy 2 proparier		Rabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-

Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Sensitisation		
Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: E	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxici	t <mark>y (si</mark>	ngle exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isobutyl acetate 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	Oral Inhalation	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result		
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>			
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness of dizziness.			
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.			
Symptoms related to the ph	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness			
	unconsciousness			
Skin contact	unconsciousness : No specific data.			

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Developmental effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

Fertility effects

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Isobutyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment method	s				
Product	•				
Methods of disposal	-	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not to disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.			
Hazardous waste	÷	Yes.			
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	080111*			
Packaging					
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.			

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-	-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
- : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions : on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Other EU regulations **Europe inventory** : Not determined. **Black List Chemicals** 2 (76/464/EEC) Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed. Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed. **Seveso Directive** This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. **Danger criteria** Category P5c **International regulations** Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E) Not listed. **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not listed. **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. **15.2 Chemical safety** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required. assessment SECTION 16: Other information Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version

	thas changed norm previously located version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17/04/2019	Date of previous issue	:08/09/2016	Version	:1.03	13/15	

SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
	On basis of test data Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 (inhalation)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373 (oral)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Full text of classifications [CLP/	GHS]
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4

Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 2
STOT RE 2, H373 (oral)	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
	EXPOSURE (oral) - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of : 17/04/	/2019
revision	

TOVISION	
Date of previous issue	: 08/09/2016
Version	: 1.03

TEKNOCOAT PRIMER 1603-11_HY 0124 BLACK HY 0124 BLACK

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.